# Wills \& Inheritance 

The Forgotten Knowledge

## WellWishers <br> Through Charity and Education

## Overview

- Importance
-What happens after death?
- Wasiyyah - Will/Bequest
- Need + importance
- Types of inheritors
- Mistakes
- Inheritance rules + examples


## Importance

- Forgotten Knowledge
. "Half of knowledge"
. "first to be removed..."
- Fixed by Allah
. Punishment/warnings for disobedience


## What should happen after death?

1. Funeral expenses
2. Pay off debts
3. Fulfil Wasiyyah
4. Distribute inheritance

## Wasiyyah

## Will/Bequest

## Cannot bequeath to an inheritor

Only up to $1 / 3$

## Wasiyyah

. Only in permissible wealth

- Bequeathed is alive
- Not cancelled
- Possible to own
- Not killer
- Mature


## Need for a Will

- Wealth to bequeath
- Guardianship of children
- Fear of bid'ât
- Missed Hajj, Salâh, Zakâh, Sawm
- Non-Muslim country


## Need for a Will

- Fear non-Islamic distribution
. Unofficial marriage/divorce . Non-Muslim heirs
. Avoid inheritance tax


## How to write will

- Hasten to write will
- Witnesses
- Appoint executor
. Shari'ah-compliant and recognised by law


## Inheritance Mistakes

$\times$ Deprive females
$\times$ Delay inheritance
$\times$ Deprive rightful heirs
$\times$ Don't distribute at all Real life examples

## The Estate



## Why do males inherit double?

$\checkmark$ Men responsible financially
$\checkmark$ More women inheritors
$\checkmark$ In some cases, equal shares
$\checkmark$ Sometimes female receives more
$\checkmark$ They inherit from elsewhere

## Inheritance Preventors

1. Slave
2. Killer (premeditated / manslaughter)
3. Different religion
4. Different "dâr"

## Types of Inheritors 3 main types

Thewid Iuroold - Portions fixed by Allat
ASobât - Close nuble relotios

Thowid Antim - rembining rentives

## Order of Inheritance



## Thawil FurooDh

Shares fixed by Allah

$$
1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 8,1 / 3,1 / 6,2 / 3
$$

Fatiler<br>Daughtiter<br>Mother<br>Husbiand Wife



## ASabât

## Close male relatives Take remaining wealth

## 1. DESCENDANIS <br> Sou, Frondsoun <br> Giegit-grandsou, etic

3. FATHES<br>DECSNDANIS

Brother, nephew, eic.

 DESC IDANIIS
Unde, cousin, etc

## Thawil Arlâm Remaining relatives Take remaining wealth

## 1. D巨5C5DANJTS <br> Cojidren of daugitier giondiaugiter, etc.

3. FATHEHSDESCNDANIS

Nece, sister's soul/ daugiter, etc
2.ASCWNDANIS Fasid grondrather/ Fosidel grondmother

4, GIRADDADHERS'S
 Maternad unde, auntetic

## Father



## GRANDFATHER $\rightarrow$ SAME ASFATHER EXCEPT IF FATHER PRESENT

## Mother



## Daughter



## Husband/Wife

|  | SHARE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $1 / 2$ | no children |
| Husband | $1 / 4$ | any children |
|  | $1 / 4$ | no children |
| Wife | $1 / 8$ | any children |

## Sister

| SHARE | SCENARIO |
| :---: | :--- |
| $1 / 2$ | 1 and no brother, father, grandfather, children |
| $2 / 3$ (share) | $2+$ and no brother, father, grandfather, children |
| $2: 1$ ratio share | if brother present and no father, grandfather, <br> male offspring |
| nothing | father, grandfather or male offspring present |

## Example 1



## Example 1

| HEIRS | HUSBAND | FATHER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHARE | $1 / 2$ | Residue |
| BASE |  | 2 |
| PORTION | 1 | 1 |

## Example 2



## Example 2

| HEIRS | WIFE | SON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHARE | $1 / 8$ | 8 |
| BASE |  | Residue |
| PORTION | 1 | 7 |

## Example 3

| HEIRS | WIFE | DAUGHTER | BROTHER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHARE |  |  |  |
| BASE |  |  |  |
| PORTION |  |  |  |

## Example 3

| HEIRS | WIFE | DAUGHTER | BROTHER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHARE | $1 / 8$ | $1 / 2$ | Residue |
| BASE |  | 8 |  |
| PORTION | 1 | 4 | 3 |

## Example 4



## Example 4

| HEIRS | HUSBAND | 2 SISTERS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHARE | $1 / 2$ | $2 / 3$ |
| BASE |  | $[6] 7$ |

## Summary

- Prescribed/ordained/fixed by Allah
- Very important; often neglected
- Will is necessary; do not delay
- Avoid common mistakes
- Only a summary/intro $\rightarrow$ need more time to learn


